

Investment Strategy Statement

London Borough of Southwark Pension Fund

1. Introduction

The Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016 Regulation 7 requires administering authorities to formulate and to publish a statement of their investment strategy (ISS), in accordance with guidance issued from time to time by the Secretary of State.

This ISS has been designed to be a living document and is an important governance tool for the London Borough of Southwark Pension Fund (the Fund). This document sets out the investment strategy of the Fund, provides transparency in relation to how the Fund investments are managed, outlines the Fund's approach to managing risk, how environmental, social and governance issues are taken into account and the approach with regard to pooling of investments. This document replaces the Fund's Statement of Investment Principles.

This statement will be reviewed by the Pensions Advisory Panel annually, or more frequently should any significant change occur, with any resulting recommendations made to the Strategic Director of Finance and Governance.

Southwark Council is the administering authority for the Southwark Local Government Pension Fund and bears ultimate responsibility for the funding of member pensions. The management and strategic direction of the Fund, whilst separate from the council, will always take into consideration the council's long term objectives.

In this regard the Fund's investment principles are aligned with the council's values as defined in the Borough Plan, in particular, the value of "spending money as if it were from our own pocket."

<https://moderngov.southwark.gov.uk/documents/s92006/Appendix%20A%20Southwarks%20Borough%20Plan%202020.pdf>

The pension fund has its own climate strategy and goals which are consistent with council targets to become carbon neutral by 2030. This is ahead of the UK government's commitment to achieve net zero by 2050.

The Fund is fully committed to collaboration with other local authority partners and in 2015 invested in the London Collective Investment Vehicle (CIV). The London CIV is a collaborative venture between local authorities to deliver benefits of investment scale and efficiency to the

participating Funds. The Fund will continue to support the development of the London CIV as an investment vehicle.

2. Investment objectives and principles

The Fund is an open, defined-benefit pension fund as part of the national Local Government Pension Scheme. The Scheme rules are determined at national level and cover many elements of the Fund, such as employee benefits and employee contributions. The nature of the Fund and scheme design means that payment of pensions will extend over the very long term.

In setting the investment strategy the Fund seeks to balance twin objectives: first, to achieve sufficient long-term returns for the Fund to be affordable and second, to keep the employers' contribution rate as stable as possible.

The Fund will seek to operate a long term, sustainable strategy; one which does not rely upon the pursuit of short term returns or adherence to asset management trends, but utilises a well structured asset and fund manager investment allocation to target long term socially responsible investment performance. The Fund's uncomplicated investment structure provides significant flexibility and adaptability if required.

To achieve the twin objectives, the Fund needs to invest in a diverse range of assets which provide higher returns relative to the growth of pension liabilities whilst taking account of the volatility inherent in investment markets. The principles set out below provide high level guidance on how the Fund seeks to meet these objectives and manage the associated risks.

Governance

- The Fund seeks at all times to adopt best practice governance standards within a structured framework, compliant with regulatory requirements and with expert independent advice taken throughout the decision making process.
- The Fund will operate with transparency and be accountable for decision making to stakeholders and scrutiny bodies.
- The Fund will ensure that officers and members of the Pensions Advisory Panel and Local Pension Board have the necessary skills, expertise and resources to ensure effective and evidence based decision making regarding the Fund's investment strategy.

Investment structure and risk management

- The Fund is a long term investor and as such the Fund invests in a wide range of investment assets, which may be volatile (such as equity) or illiquid (such as property), but that over the long term can generate a sufficient return to at least meet the Fund's pension obligations.
- The Fund operates an evidence and research based approach to investment; continually utilising research and guidance from investment professionals and peers, and seeking continual development in the understanding of investment.
- The Fund recognises the importance of having the right asset allocation, but also the value of developing the most appropriate structure and appointing suitable investment managers. The Fund will take account of market movements, cycles and the economic

background in decision making, but will avoid making decisions on a purely short term basis.

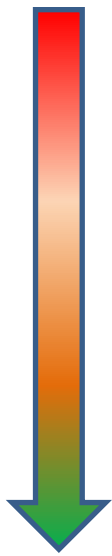
- The Fund will be comprehensive in the consideration of risks; the Fund will base assessments of risk on future pension liabilities and contributions, will consider financial and non-financial risks, diversify investment assets in an appropriate manner, but also recognise the limits of that diversification. As a long term investor the Fund understands that investment success depends significantly on the sustainable growth of the economy.
- The Fund will seek the most efficient and cost-effective solutions to achieving the Fund's objectives. This may involve active management and other services where additional costs are justified. Fees will always be considered in the context of overall performance and it is recognised that higher performance may be associated with higher fees.
- The Fund is a shareholder in the London CIV, with the Fund making regular contributions to the London CIV to assist in the development and expansion of the collaborative venture. Any future investments within the London CIV will be dependent upon the satisfactory completion of detailed due diligence and review to the same high standard that would be undertaken outside the investment pool.

Responsible investment and stewardship

- The Fund is a responsible investor; holding the belief that integrating responsible investment factors such as ESG in the investment process will protect, if not generate better returns over the long term.
- The Fund seeks to integrate responsible investment factors into the investment process across all asset classes.
- The Fund is prepared to be innovative in its investment strategy in order to cultivate positive social impact, within a framework of prudence and fiduciary duty.
- The Fund will proactively exercise responsible stewardship of assets held and act as a responsible voice in the broader investment community through platforms such as the Local Authority Pension Fund Forum.
- The Fund will collaborate with others whenever possible to share ideas and best practice, and to improve effectiveness and to reduce costs.
- The Fund considers the impacts and opportunities provided by climate change on both a Fund and wider social level, and so holds a commitment to meeting net zero carbon emissions from pension fund investment by 2030 with no direct investment in companies exposed to fossil fuels.

Categorisation of Investments

There is currently no standardised way of measuring the relative performance of different funds' carbon profiles; however, Southwark continues to work on its carbon footprint and investment classifications (see key below) to illustrate the progress being made.



NON LOW CARBON: Investment products that are not actively targeting reduced carbon emissions. Some of these may potentially have exposure to fossil fuels; however we are working to understand the extent of this and will address this in our strategy going forwards. The Fund intends to make no new investments in such products.

REDUCED CARBON: Investments either in property or in funds with specific oil and gas exclusions.

LOW CARBON: Funds specifically set up as 'low carbon' funds.

ZERO CARBON: Investments in vehicles that produce zero carbon or in some cases have a measurable offsetting impact on carbon emissions. Currently this category contains sustainable infrastructure and timberland products.

CASH: Held in the pension fund, usually pending anticipated drawdown requests or in advance of an acquisition.

The Fund will at all times monitor investments that are specifically reduced, low and zero carbon to ensure the Fund progresses towards the stated objectives of this strategy.

Within the context of achieving sustainable long-term returns, the Fund will always seek, as part of any reallocation of assets, to achieve a lower carbon footprint following the reallocation. Every new investment made will endeavour to be lower carbon than the one it is replacing.

The chart in Appendix B shows how the investment strategy has been implemented to date, with progressively greater proportions of the overall Fund invested in "greener" funds.

3. Investment strategy and the process for ensuring suitability of investments

The Fund's asset strategy, along with an overview of the role each asset plays is set out in the table below:

Asset class	Target Allocation %	Investment Style %	Maximum Allocation %	Role (s) within the strategy	Carbon Classification
Equity	45.0	Passive 30.0	60.0	Expected long term growth in capital and income in excess of inflation over the long term.	Low Carbon
		Active - Direct 10.0			Reduced Carbon
		Active – Indirect 5.0			Low Carbon
Diversified Growth	10.0	Active 10.0	20.0	Primarily for diversification from equities. Equity like returns over time with a lower level of risk.	Non low carbon
Absolute Return Fixed Income	5.0	Active 5.0	10.0	Diversified approach to fixed income investing which is not solely dependent on the direction of interest rates.	Non low carbon
Index Linked Gilts	10.0	Passive 10.0	40.0	Low risk (relative to the liabilities) asset that provides inflation linked income and protection from falling interest rates.	Non low carbon
Property	20.0	Direct 14.0	30.0	Provides diversification from equities and fixed income. Generates investment income and provides some inflation protection.	Reduced Carbon
		Pooled Fund 6.0			Reduced Carbon

Sustainable Infrastructure	5.0	Limited Partnership 5.0	10.0	Asset class provides additional diversification from traditional asset classes. Generates sustainable, reliable income with significant linkage to inflation. Provides risk mitigation from declining fossil fuel usage.	Zero carbon
Bereavement Services	5.0	Limited partnership 5.0	10.0	ESG priority allocation. Focus on investments with strong ESG and, in particular, low carbon credentials.	Reduced
Timberland					Zero
Private Equity					Reduced

The above table sets out the Fund's asset allocation strategy with a target allocation to each asset class. If the actual asset allocation as at a reporting quarter end moves outside a target range for a particular asset class, (plus or minus 5% of total investment assets) the Strategic Director of Finance and Governance will review the portfolio(s) and prevailing market conditions to determine if a corrective rebalancing action is required. A breach of the target range will not automatically trigger a portfolio rebalance.

Under Regulation 7 of the Local Government Pension Scheme (Management and Investment of Funds) Regulations 2016, the Fund is required to set maximum investment limits pertaining to different asset classes so that actual allocation to those asset classes will not breach this maximum limit. The limits as applied to the Fund are set out in the above table.

Appendix A shows the Fund's current investment manager appointments and mandates.

The Fund's asset allocation is reviewed on an ongoing basis and undergoes a triennial strategy review as part of the actuarial valuation process. The triennial review, which reflects updated actuarial and capital market assumptions, looks at both qualitative and quantitative analysis, covering:

- The required level of return that will mean the Fund is able to meet its future benefit obligations as they fall due.
- The level of risk that the Fund can tolerate in absolute terms, and in relation to its funding level and associated surplus/deficit.
- An analysis of the order of magnitude of the various risks facing the Fund, so that the Fund can focus upon the most significant risks.
- The desire for diversification across asset class, region, sector, and type of security.

4. Risk measurement and management

The risks inherent within the Fund are assessed both qualitatively and quantitatively as part of regular investment strategy reviews by the Strategic Director of Finance and Governance and the Pensions Advisory Panel. The Fund uses specialist external investment advisers under contract, to support these reviews and on an ongoing basis. The Fund highly values the use of specialist support in the management of performance and risk.

The table below, based on the 31 March 2019 Actuarial Valuation results and estimates, shows how a range of events could impact on the Fund:

Event	Event movement	Impact on the Fund
Fall in equity markets	25% fall in equities	£223m
Rise in inflation	1% increase in inflation	£314m
Fall in interest rates	1% fall in interest rates	£314m
Underperformance by the active managers	3% collective underperformance	£31m

The Fund's overall investment strategy is designed to mitigate much of the underlying risk through the holding of a variety of different, diverse asset classes (e.g. long term directly held property investments).

Equity risk

The largest asset risk to the Fund is in relation to its equity holdings. Should equity markets deteriorate significantly this will have a large negative impact on the Fund's assets. The Fund invests in equities in order to provide the necessary long term expected returns to help ensure that the Fund remains affordable. The Fund believes that the extra returns that are expected to be generated by equities compensate for the level of risk equities bring to the Fund. However, the Fund is aware of the need for diversification in growth assets, and the Fund's strategy reflects this via allocations to absolute return investment mandates (with an asymmetric profile) and property (with a lower correlation to equity).

Inflation

CPI inflation will increase the value of pension benefits accrued by active and deferred members of the Fund as well as increasing the value of pensions in payment. The Fund has an allocation to index linked gilts for explicit inflation protection and other investment assets, such as property and equities, in the expectation that these will achieve returns in excess of inflation over time.

Active manager risk

Active investment managers are appointed to manage a portion of the Fund's assets. This brings with it the risk of underperformance relative to the market but also brings the chance of additional returns and diversification. The additional risk is small relative to other risks. Extensive due diligence is undertaken before managers are selected and investment managers are also monitored regularly by Fund officers, the Pensions Advisory Panel, and by the Fund's investment advisors.

Liquidity risk

The Fund recognises that there is liquidity risk in holding assets that are not readily marketable and realisable. Given the long term investment horizon and the potential for an illiquidity premium in investment returns, the degree of liquidity risk within the portfolio is considered as acceptable. The Fund has a large allocation to property and is building an exposure to sustainable infrastructure, but the majority of the Fund's assets are realisable at short notice.

The table below sets out a summarised cash flow position of the Fund over the last five financial years.

	2016-17 £000	2017-18 £000	2018-19 £000	2019-20 £000	2020-21 £000
Contributions and Transfers In	55,789	54,711	58,891	65,787	69,712
Benefits and Transfers Out	(60,269)	(63,406)	(71,384)	(71,384)	(67,580)
Investment Income	14,324	15,432	15,287)	15,287	12,636

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20	2020-21
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Net Position	9,844	10,054	10,917	9,690	14,768

The Fund is currently cash flow positive; in that the sum of contributions received and investment income is greater than the benefits paid out to pensioners. During 2020-21 the Fund received £14.8m more in contributions and investment income than was paid out in benefits. As such the Fund is not currently exposed to unplanned and inefficient divestment of assets.

Exchange rate risk

This risk arises from investing in unhedged overseas (non GBP denominated) assets, with all pension benefits due to be paid in sterling. As a long term investor the Fund takes the view that currency volatility can be tolerated. Sterling has for many years been a depreciating currency and the Fund has benefitted significantly in return terms from not hedging this risk. The Fund's portfolio is well diversified across asset classes, geography and investment managers.

Demographic risks

The Fund is subject to a range of demographic risks, but with particular importance to the investment strategy is the possibility of a maturing Fund membership profile. This would involve a change in the ratio between active members contributing into the Fund and pensioner members drawing pension benefits from the Fund. The more mature a pension fund, the more likely it is that disinvestments would need to be made to pay benefits. The Fund is not in that situation at present as income from contributions and investments is greater than benefit payments. However, this situation is monitored regularly and formally as part of the actuarial valuation and strategy review.

Environmental, social and corporate governance policy

The Fund is a long term investor that aims to deliver a truly sustainable pension fund; ensuring that it is affordable, delivers financially to meet the objectives of the Fund employers, and is invested responsibly.

The fiduciary duty of the Fund is to act in the best long term interests of Fund members. To do so properly requires the Fund to recognise that environmental, social and governance issues can impact on the Fund's financial performance and that they should be taken into account in funding and investment strategies, and throughout the funding and investment decision making process.

The Fund will seek to incorporate ESG considerations at all stages in the investment process; from the overall asset allocation, to individual investment selections, and continued engagement and responsible stewardship of Fund assets.

The responsible investment objectives of the Fund are promoted through membership of the Local Authority Pension Fund Forum (LAPFF). As a LAPFF member the Fund allies itself with 89 other shareholders with combined assets of over £300 billion to influence key areas of responsible investment interest.

Fund engagement is crucial in relation to improving standards of corporate governance, which over the long term is expected to enhance investment returns. Details of the Fund's approach are set out in section 6 as well as the approach for the implementation of moving towards a zero carbon commitment as Appendix D.

The Fund's key responsible investment principles are set out below:

- Apply long term thinking to deliver long term sustainable returns.
- Seek sustainable returns from well governed and sustainable assets.
- Apply a robust approach to effective stewardship.
- Engagement through voting, meetings, and the LAPFF is a valuable tool to influence organisations in areas of responsible investment interest.
- Ensure that responsible investment is a core competency and skill to support decision making.
- Seek to innovate, demonstrate and promote responsible investment leadership and ESG best practice.
- Apply evidence based decision making in the implementation of responsible investment.
- Achieve improvements in ESG through effective partnerships with the London CIV and LAPFF.
- Share ideas and best practice to achieve wider and more valuable responsible investment outcomes.
- Be transparent and accountable in all Fund activities.
- Consider the costs of responsible investment decisions alongside fiduciary responsibilities.
- To continue with a structured, measured process of reducing with an aim of eliminating investments in fossil fuels.

Environmental, social and governance risks

The Fund may consider investments that have an explicit focus on delivering wider social and environmental impacts provided there is no risk of significant financial detriment to the Fund.

The Fund recognises the growing financial risks associated with investment in traditional energy sources and is fully committed to the achievement of carbon neutrality. The Fund commits to transferring any current investments in these traditional energy sources in a way that is both structured and affordable and also meets the Fund's fiduciary duties.

The Fund is committed to a process to achieve a neutral carbon footprint by 2030. This will be accomplished through a phased divestment and transfer of assets into reduced, low and zero carbon products.

Appendix D outlines the approach by which the Fund will achieve this objective, how the risks and other considerations associated with such a commitment will be managed and how the divestment will be incorporated into the asset allocation strategy for the Fund.

5. Approach to asset pooling

The Fund is a shareholder of the London Collective Investment Vehicle (CIV). The London CIV was created in 2015 and continues to progress the opening of a range of sub-funds for potential investment. As part of any future changes to investment strategy, the Fund will look first to the availability of appropriate investment products within the London CIV.

The transition of any assets into the pool will follow the normal due diligence process with consideration of: transition costs, fit with overall strategy, fees (direct and indirect), reporting arrangements, ESG requirements and, most importantly, expectations for future performance.

The Fund currently pays a contribution to London CIV for passive investments. This amounts to approximately £50,000 per annum. This fee arose from collective fee arrangements with the CIV, although these are not assets under management of the London CIV (value as at 30 June 2021 £1.07 billion, approximately 55% of the Fund).

The Fund has a target allocation of 20% of the assets to illiquid property and the cost of exiting these strategies early in favour of a CIV alternative would have a significant negative financial impact on the Fund.

6. Policy of the exercise of rights (including voting rights) attaching to investments

The Fund follows the principles of the UK Stewardship Code and exercises the voting rights attached to its investments wherever it is possible and cost effective to do so.

The aim is to promote and support good corporate governance principles and best practice. Voting rights should be exercised in accordance with the best financial interests of both the beneficiaries and contributors to the Fund. Environmental, social and ethical considerations may be taken into account when exercising votes where this acts in these parties' best interests.

Fund managers have been instructed to vote in accordance with their house policies and practices, whilst also taking into account the Combined Code on Corporate Governance. Where practical, managers should vote in line with the council's priority themes.

Fund managers report in advance of all voting rights they intend to exercise on behalf of the Fund. They provide details of their house view and on how they intend to vote. They ensure that this is consistent with the council's key themes and also with the LAPFF principles.

Fund managers' views are compared with the voting recommendations of LAPFF. Where the fund managers' house views are not consistent with those of LAPFF, the fund manager is instructed by the Fund to vote in line with the recommendations of the LAPFF.

Fund managers provide a quarterly report on corporate governance activity. This lists all votes which have been exercised and all engagement with companies which has taken place. It allows for checks to be carried out in order to ensure all the Fund's voting rights have been exercised in accordance with policy.

Myners Principles

The Government introduced a code in October 2001 based on the results of HM Treasury's review of institutional investment in the UK, carried out by Paul Myners. This code set out ten principles that were intended to improve the investment management of pension funds. These were updated in October 2008 and previously LGPS administering authorities were required to prepare, publish and maintain statements of compliance against a set of six principles within the Statement of Investment Principles. Although not specifically required by the Regulations the Fund sees the Myners Principles as a relevant governance tool and will continue to report on compliance.

The Fund is fully compliant with the six principles and Appendix C sets out the compliance statement.

Advice Taken

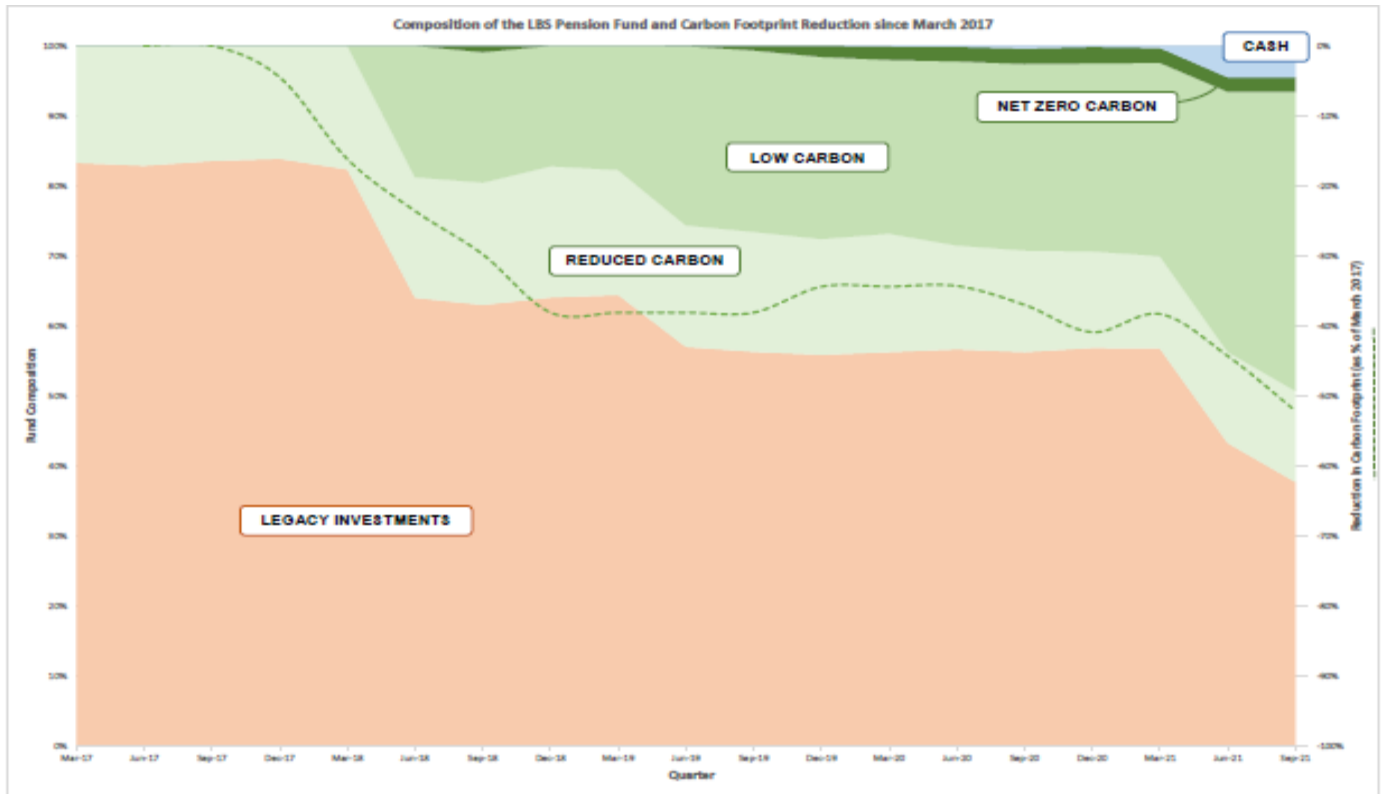
In creating this statement, the Fund has taken advice from its investment consultant, independent adviser and has sought the views of the Local Pension Board. Also, in relation to each of the constituent parts, such as the asset allocation and risk mitigation, advice has been taken from its investment consultant and scheme actuary Aon.

Appendix A – Current investment managers and mandates.

Manager	Mandate	Benchmark	Benchmark Weight (%)	Outperformance target (% p.a.)	Carbon Classification
BlackRock	Low carbon passive Global Equities	MSCI World Low Carbon Target Reduced Fossil Fuel Select Net Index	15.0	-	Low Carbon
BlackRock	Index Linked Gilts	FTSE UK Gilts Index-Linked over 5 Years Index	5.0	-	Non low carbon
BlackRock	Dynamic Diversified Growth Fund	LIBOR	10.0	+3.0% net of fees	Non low carbon
BlackRock	Absolute Return Bonds	LIBOR	5.0	+4.0% net of fees	Non low carbon
BlackRock	Sustainable Infrastructure	10% p.a. absolute return	1.5	-	Zero carbon
Legal & General	Low carbon passive Global Equities	MSCI World Low Carbon Target	15.0	-	Low carbon
Legal & General	Index Linked Gilts	FTSE Index-Linked Over 5 Years	5.0	-	Non low carbon
Newton	Global Equity	FTSE All World	10.0	+3.0% net of fees	Reduced carbon
Comgest	Active Emerging Market Equities	MSCI Emerging Markets – Net Return	5.0	-	Low carbon
Nuveen	Core Property	7.0% p.a. absolute return	14.0		Reduced carbon

Frogmore	Opportunistic Property	16.5% p.a. absolute return	1.5	-	Reduced carbon
Brockton	Opportunistic Property	15.0% p.a. absolute return	1.5	-	Reduced carbon
Invesco	PRS Property	8.5% p.a. absolute return	1.5	-	Reduced carbon
M&G	PRS Property	8.0% p.a. absolute return	1.5	-	Reduced carbon
Glennmont	Sustainable Infrastructure	10% p.a. absolute return	2.0	-	Zero carbon
Temporis	Sustainable Infrastructure	10% p.a. absolute return	1.5	-	Zero carbon
Temporis	Sustainable Infrastructure	11-12% p.a. absolute return	1.0	-	Zero carbon
Blackstone	Private Equity	12-14% p.a. absolute return	2.5	-	Reduced carbon
Darwin	Bereavement Services	6-8% p.a. absolute return	1.0	-	Reduced carbon
BTG Pactual	Timberland	12-14% p.a. absolute return	1.5	-	Zero carbon

Appendix B – Carbon Profile Allocation over Time



Appendix C

Myners Principles – Assessment of Compliance

1. Effective Decision-Making

Principle

Administering authorities should ensure that:

- Decisions are taken by persons or organisations with the skills, knowledge, advice and resources necessary to make them effectively and monitor their implementation; and
- Those persons or organisations have sufficient expertise to be able to evaluate and challenge the advice they receive and manage conflicts of interest.

State of Compliance

The Fund is currently **fully compliant** with this principle:

- The Pensions Advisory Panel is supported by suitably qualified officers and external advisors. All members of the Panel are offered training on appropriate topics.

2. Clear Objectives

Principle

An overall investment objective(s) should be set out for the fund that takes account of the scheme's liabilities, the potential impact on local tax payers, the strength of the covenant for non-local authority employers and the attitude to risk of both the administering authority and scheme employers and these should be clearly communicated to advisors and investment managers.

State of Compliance

The Fund is currently **fully compliant** with this principle:

- The Fund's objectives are set out in the Investment Strategy Statement and the Funding Strategy Statement. The objective, benchmark and risk parameters are clearly stated in the Investment Management Agreements with each investment manager.
- Covenants of all scheme employers are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

3. Risk and Liabilities

Principle

- In setting and reviewing their investment strategy, administering authorities should take account of the form and structure of liabilities.
- These include the implications for local tax payers, the strength of the covenant for participating employers, the risk of their default and longevity risk.

State of Compliance

The Fund is currently **fully compliant** with this principle:

- The asset allocation strategy is reviewed every three years. Aon is commissioned to carry out an asset liability study which models the risk/reward characteristics of different investment strategies.
- The study follows the triennial actuarial valuation and the form and structure of liabilities are fully taken into account.

4. Performance Assessment

Principle

- Arrangements should be in place for the formal measurement of performance of the investments, investment managers and advisors.
- Administering authorities should also periodically make a formal assessment of their own effectiveness as a decision making body and report on this to scheme members.

State of Compliance

The Fund is currently **fully compliant** with this principle:

- The Pensions Advisory Panel monitors the performance of the investment managers and the suitability of the investment strategy on a regular basis.
- Performance measurement is provided by JP Morgan and Aon.
- Assessment of the effectiveness of the administering authority is reflected through the effectiveness of the decision making in the investment returns achieved. Further, with the establishment of the Local Pensions Board, scrutiny of the Pensions Advisory Panel is now being undertaken.
- A procurement exercise was carried out in 2020-21 which resulted in the appointment of Aon as the fund's investment advisors. They were appointed through the National

LGPS Frameworks and as such are subject to ongoing review at the framework level. Feedback is provided to the framework on an annual basis.

5. Responsible Ownership

Principle

Administering authorities should:

- Adopt, or ensure their investment managers adopt, the Institutional Shareholders' Committee Statement of Principles on the responsibilities of shareholders and agents.
- Include a statement of their policy on responsible ownership in the statement of investment principles.
- Report periodically to scheme members on the discharge of such responsibilities.

State of Compliance

The Fund is currently **fully compliant** with this principle:

- The Fund has adopted the investment managers' policies on activism and each has adopted the Institutional Shareholders' Committee Statement of Principles. All investment managers adopt a policy of engagement with companies.
- The Fund's policy on responsible ownership is set out in its Investment Strategy Statement.
- Investment managers report on the exercise of voting rights and this is monitored by officers and the Pensions Advisory Panel to ensure consistency with the Fund's policy.
- The pension fund is a member of the LAPFF, the UK's leading collaborative shareholder engagement group.
- Responsible ownership is periodically reported to the Pensions Advisory Panel and states how active fund managers are discharging these responsibilities.
- A section on responsible ownership is included in the Pension Fund Annual Report and a member survey has been completed. These ensure that members are both provided with the relevant information and are able to input their views into the responsible ownership process going forward.

6. Transparency and Reporting

Principle

Administering authorities should:

- Act in a transparent manner, communicating with stakeholders on issues relating to their management of investment, its governance and risks, including performance against stated objectives.
- Provide regular communication to scheme members in the form they consider most appropriate.

State of Compliance

The Fund is currently **fully compliant** with this principle:

- Documents relating to the Pension Fund are published on the pension fund website.
- The annual report sets out the arrangements during the year for the management of investment, governance and risks and other relevant information.
- Members can also request information directly from the council.
- The Pension Advisory Panel meeting papers are published on the council's website.